PRICE AND PREJUDICE: HOUSING RENTS REVEAL RACIAL ANIMUS

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MOTIVATION



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A large literature in economics tries to estimate and model statistical and taste based discrimination.

- It occurs potentially in many domains (labour market, justice, education...): disparities reinforce each other working as a system.
- It is a weakly held preference: in the lab prejudiced agents are not willing to pay for it (Hedegaard and Tyran 2018).
- Market outcomes might not reflect it (Becker 1957, Heckman 1998).
- \implies Very difficult to measure.

OUR PAPER

What we do:

- Estimate the preferences of resident population towards *asylum centers* opening using hedonic pricing strategy.
- Measure *xenophobia* exploiting quasi-random allocation of asylum seekers in Swiss cantonal centers with a market equilibrium outcome.

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What we do:

- Estimate the preferences of resident population towards *asylum centers* opening using hedonic pricing strategy.
- Measure *xenophobia* exploiting quasi-random allocation of asylum seekers in Swiss cantonal centers with a market equilibrium outcome.
- **Empirical Challenge (1):** Disentangling impact of asylum centers on housing rents from other confounding factors (housing characteristics or local (dis)amenities).

 \implies Rich dataset with housing characteristics and DID strategy comparing houses at local level.

Empirical Challenge (2): Distinguish statistical and taste based discrimination.
 ⇒ Control for crime propensity based on country of origin.

MAIN FINDINGS

- The opening of a center causes a drop in housing rents of 3.8% in the nearby area.
- Heterogeneous effect of the opening according to local population characteristics: education level and bilateral genetic distance.
- The drop in rents is higher for centers with higher presence of Sub Saharan African asylum seekers even when controlling for crime propensity.
 - \implies Evidence of taste based discrimination.
- Muslim presence in asylum centers does not have an impact on housing rents \implies xenophobia seems to be phenotypic and not religiously based.

RELATED LITERATURE

- Refugee influx & political preferences: Barone et al 2016 JPubE; Dustmann et al 2019 REStud; Zimmermann et Stutzer 2021 EurJPolEcon; ...
 - > Refugee presence has an impact on political preferences (↑ votes for right wing parties)
- Refugee centers & housing: Dröes and Koster 2023 J. Econ. Geogr.; Daams et al 2019 JHousEcon; Myohl and Stadelmann 2021;...
 - > Refugee centers opening decreases housing prices-makes local population leave.
- **Discrimination:** Goldsmith et al 2006 AER; Edelman et al 2017 AEJ; Laouénan and Rathelot 2022 AEJ; ...
 - > Discrimination of ethnic minorities from various perspectives (labor environment, judicial system, online platforms).

Introduction

Data

Empirical strategy

Results

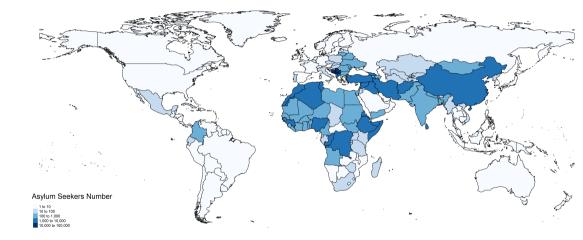
Conclusion



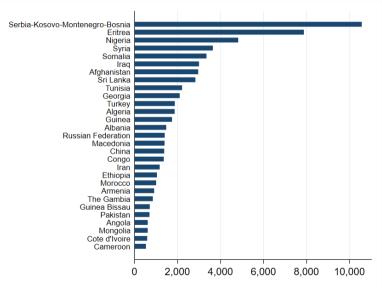


- Housing Rents and Characteristics: Repeated cross section of internet adverts 2004-2014 (provided by meta-sys.ch).
- Asylum Centers: date of opening, closing and capacity (provided by Cantons).
- Asylum Seekers Data: Information about nationality, sex, religion, address of assignment (Federal Statistical Office).
- **Crime Data:** Data about all crimes reported by the police with information about victim, offender and type of crime (2010-2014).

NATIONALITY OF ORIGIN



NATIONALITY OF ORIGIN



Empirical strategy

ESTIMATING EQUATIONS

Model1: • Est Sample

 $\mathsf{Ln}(\mathsf{Rent})_{hcmt} = \alpha + \frac{\beta_1}{\mathsf{A}}\mathsf{Ctive}_{hct} \times \mathsf{Prox}_{hc} + \mathbf{H}'_h \mathbf{\Gamma} + \frac{\delta_c}{\mathsf{Prox}_{hc}} + \frac{\lambda_c}{\mathsf{e}} + \frac{\theta_c}{\mathsf{A}}\mathsf{Ctive}_{hct} + \frac{\gamma_m}{\mathsf{r}} + \frac{\tau_{y[t]}}{\mathsf{r}} + \varepsilon_{hcmt}$

Model 2:

 $\begin{aligned} \mathsf{Ln}(\mathsf{Rent})_{hcmt} &= \beta_1 \mathsf{Active}_{hct} \times \mathsf{Prox}_{hc} + ..\\ & \beta_3 \mathsf{Active}_{hct} \times \mathsf{Prox}_{hc} \times \mathsf{African}_{ct} + ..\\ & \delta_2 \mathsf{Active}_{hct} \times \mathsf{Prox}_{hc} \times \mathsf{Crime}_{ct} + ..\\ & \varepsilon_{hcmt} \end{aligned}$



CHOICE OF RADIUS

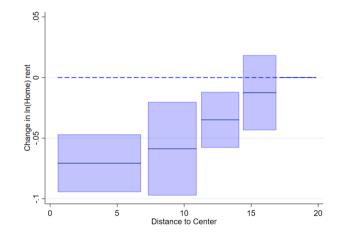


FIGURE: Radius Choice Butts (2023)

MAIN RESULTS

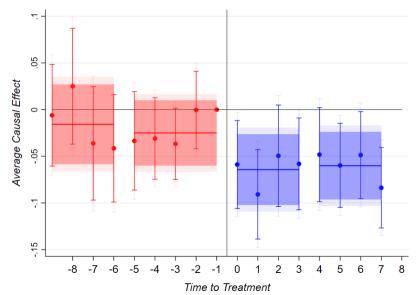
Dep. Variable	(1) In(Rent)	(2) In(Rent)	(3) In(Rent)	(4) In(Rent)
Effect	Base	Crime	African	African & Crime
ActiveXProx	-0.0383*** (0.0124)	-0.0314** (0.0129)	-0.0266** (0.0107)	-0.0239** (0.0108)
ActivXCrime		0.0067 (0.0045)		0.0065 (0.0051)
ActiveXProxXCrime		-0.0107* (0.0057)		-0.0058 (0.0059)
ActiveXAfrican			0.0008 (0.0084)	-0.0006 (0.0083)
ActiveXProxXAfrican			-0.0221*** (0.0049)	-0.0203*** (0.0059)
Observations R ²	154,708 0.453	154,708 0.453	154,708 0.453	154,708 0.453

TABLE: Main Regression Results

- Robust Stacked
- Robust Dummy
- Robust Radius1
- Robust Radius2

EVENT STUDY

▶ TWFE



MUSLIM

Dep. Variable	(1) In(Rent)	(2) In(Rent)	(3) In(Rent)	(4) In(Rent)	(5) In(Rent)	(6) In(Rent)	(7) In(Rent)
Effect	Base	Crime	Muslim	African	African-Muslim	African-Crime	African-Crime-Muslim
ActiveXProx	-0.0383*** (0.0124)	-0.0314** (0.0129)	-0.0379*** (0.0118)	-0.0266** (0.0107)	-0.0247** (0.0106)	-0.0239** (0.0108)	-0.0217** (0.0106)
ActiveXCrime		0.0067 (0.0045)				0.0065 (0.0051)	0.0066 (0.0052)
ActiveXProxXCrime		-0.0107* (0.0057)				-0.0058 (0.0059)	-0.0063 (0.0058)
ActiveXMuslim			-0.0023 (0.0054)		-0.0024 (0.0049)		-0.0027 (0.0048)
ActiveXProxXMuslim			-0.0011 (0.0087)		-0.0040 (0.0084)		-0.0039 (0.0081)
ActiveXAfrican				0.0008 (0.0084)	0.0003 (0.0081)	-0.0006 (0.0083)	-0.0012 (0.0080)
ActiveXProxXAfrican				-0.0221*** (0.0049)	-0.0228*** (0.0053)	-0.0203*** (0.0059)	-0.0208*** (0.0063)
Observations R ²	154708 0.453	154708 0.453	154682 0.453	154708 0.453	154682 0.453	154708 0.453	154682 0.453

TABLE: Muslim or African

LOCAL POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

Dep. Variable	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	In(Rent)	In(Rent)	In(Rent)	In(Rent)
Sample	Educ H	Educ L	Gendist H	Gendist L
ActiveXProx	-0.0300**	-0.0519***	-0.0442**	-0.0332
	(0.0128)	(0.0193)	(0.0179)	(0.0201)
Observations	79581	74866	79765	73813
<i>R</i> ²	0.330	0.429	0.426	0.479
T-test (p)	.345	.345	0.709	0.709

TABLE: Heterogeneity Education and Foreign Population Share

CONCLUSION

Findings:

- Analogously to other studies we find a negative effect of asylum centers opening on housing prices: asylum center opening implies a drop in housing rents by 3.8%.
- The negative effect on housing rents seems to be persistent over time.
- There seems to be taste based discrimination against phenotypic diverse individuals. Weaker effect of statistical discrimination.
- Education of local population and similarity to asylum seekers hosted in centers mitigate opening impact.

Thank you!

STATISTICAL VS TASTE BASED DISCRIMINATION

Motiv

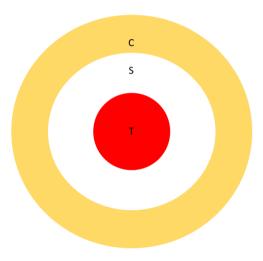
Discrimination: Treating someone differently based on characteristics such as gender, race, or religion.¹

- Taste Based Discrimination:² reflects individual prejudice or preferences.
 - > Employer not hiring black workers because of the preference of working with white colleagues.
- **Statistical Discrimination:**³ based on **statistical inference**.
 - > Doctors prescribe breast cancer screening only to women.

¹Lang Spitzer 2020 JEP.
²Becker 1971.
³Phelps 1972 AER and Arrow 1972.

ESTIMATING SAMPLE

backModel backRadius



backResults

TABLE: Changing Percentile Threshold

Dep. Variable	(1) In(Rent)	(2) In(Rent)	(3) In(Rent)	(4) In(Rent)	(5) In(Rent)	(6) In(Rent)
Effect	Perc50	Perc60	Perc75	Perc50	Perc60	Perc75
ActiveXProx	-0.0266** (0.0107)	-0.0302*** (0.0105)	-0.0313*** (0.0119)	-0.0239** (0.0108)	-0.0283*** (0.0107)	-0.0309*** (0.0113)
ActiveXAfrican50	0.0008 (0.0084)			-0.0006 (0.0083)		
ActiveXProxXAfrican50	-0.0221*** (0.0049)			-0.0203*** (0.0059)		
ActiveXAfrican60		0.0079 (0.0070)			0.0065 (0.0070)	
ActiveXProxXAfrican60		-0.0188*** (0.0054)			-0.0178** (0.0072)	
ActiveXAfrican75			0.0212 (0.0135)			0.0231 (0.0146)
ActiveXProxXAfrican75			-0.0214** (0.0103)			-0.0204* (0.0119)
ActiveXCrime50				0.0065		
ActiveXProxXCrime50				-0.0058		
ActiveXCrime60					0.0073 (0.0063)	
ActiveXProxXCrime60					-0.0039 (0.0067)	
ActiveXCrime75						-0.0096 (0.0063)
ActiveXProxXCrime75						-0.0015 (0.0075)
Observations R ²	154708 0.453	154708 0.453	154708 0.453	154708 0.453	154708 0.453	154708 0.453

TABLE: Changing Radius

Dep. Variable	(1) In(Rent)	(2) In(Rent)	(3) In(Rent)	(4) In(Rent)
Effect	Base	Crime	African	African-Crime
ActiveXProx	-0.0299** (0.0115)	-0.0241* (0.0128)	-0.0211* (0.0113)	-0.0186 (0.0117)
ActiveXCrime		0.0052 (0.0053)		0.0054 (0.0060)
ActiveXProxXCrime		-0.0084 (0.0061)		-0.0051 (0.0064)
ActiveXAfrican			-0.0028 (0.0110)	-0.0040 (0.0111)
ActiveXProxXAfrican			-0.0161*** (0.0058)	-0.0144** (0.0064)
Observations R ²	106833 0.446	106833 0.446	106833 0.446	106833 0.446

TABLE: Changing Radius Center Opening

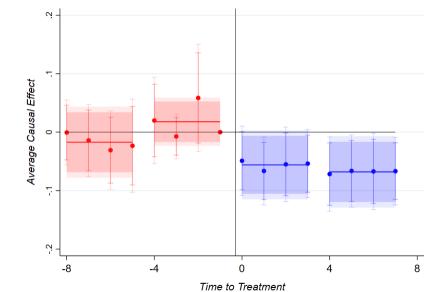
Dep. Variable	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	In(Rent)	In(Rent)	In(Rent)	In(Rent)
Sample	Baseline	709-1425	500-1000	500-1500
ActiveXProx	-0.0383***	-0.0299**	-0.0508***	-0.0428**
	(0.0124)	(0.0115)	(0.0174)	(0.0183)
Observations	154708	106833	152730	78277
R ²	0.453	0.446	0.456	0.449

TABLE: Stacked DiD

Dep. Variable	(1) In(Rent)	(2) In(Rent)	(3) In(Rent)	(4) In(Rent)
Effect	Base	Crime	African	African-Crime
ActiveXProx	-0.0409*** (0.0116)	-0.0335*** (0.0121)	-0.0282*** (0.0101)	-0.0254** (0.0102)
ActiveXCrime		0.0060 (0.0046)		0.0057 (0.0052)
ActiveXProxXCrime		-0.0115** (0.0058)		-0.0061 (0.0059)
ActiveXAfrican			0.0006 (0.0087)	-0.0006 (0.0087)
ActiveXProxXAfrican			-0.0247*** (0.0050)	-0.0227*** (0.0059)
Observations R ²	154707 0.453	154707 0.453	154707 0.453	154707 0.453

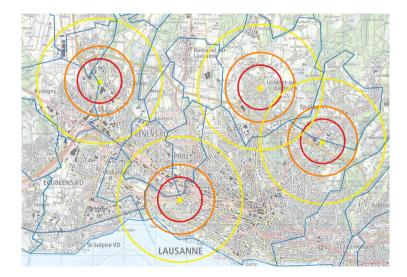
EVENT STUDY TWFES

Event Study



MAP OF ASYLUM CENTERS LAUSANNE





SUMMARY STATISTICS

Variable	Mean	Std. Dev.	Min.	Max.	N
Panel A: Characteristics of rental postings					
Yearly Rent per sqm (CHF)	279.7	94.0	15.7	2620	154,708
Surface (sqm)	80.2	37.0	11.0	1125	154,708
Standard (single-floor apartment)	0.820	0.384	0	1	154,708
Duplex	0.063	0.242	0	1	154,708
Attic	0.031	0.172	0	1	154,708
Studio	0.014	0.118	0	1	154,708
Furnished apartment	0.037	0.190	0	1	154,708
Terrace-apartment	0.002	0.046	0	1	154,708
Independent house (villa)	0.023	0.15	0	1	154,708
Row house	0.006	0.076	0	1	154,708
Semi-detached house	0.003	0.052	0	1	154,708
Farm	0.001	0.033	0	1	154,708
Other type of housing unit	0	0.022	0	1	154,708
Less than 2 rooms	0.131	0.338	0	1	154,708
2-2.5 rooms	0.211	0.408	0	1	154,708
3-3.5 rooms	0.323	0.468	0	1	154,708
4-4.5 rooms	0.245	0.430	0	1	154,708
5 rooms or more	0.090	0.286	0	1	154,708
Panel B: Center-specific variables (by rental posting)					
Dummy for location within 709 m of center (Prox)	0.246	0.431	0	1	154,708
Dummy for closest center being open (Active)	0.704	0.456	0	1	154,708
Share of sub-Saharan Africans in closest center (African)	0.277	0.168	0	1	154,708
Estimated crime propensity of population in closest center (Crime)	0.003	0.002	0	0.021	154,708
Average genetic distance of center population w.r.t. native Swiss population (Gendist)	0.019	0.007	0	0.051	154,708
Average local genetic distance between local and center populations (Local Gendist)	0.013	0.004	0.003	0.027	153,578
Share of Muslim asylum seekers in closest center (Muslim)	0.557	0.156	0	1	154.682
Average education level of local population (Education)	0.163	0.047	0.071	0.289	154,708
Panel C: Center characteristics					
Hosting capacity	95	88	30	694	91
Duration of opening (years)	14	8	4	50	91